

VANCOUVER 2010 PARALYMPIC WINTER GAMES

Anti-Doping Highlights

*The International Paralympic Committee (IPC) has established the **anti-doping rules** for the Vancouver 2010 Paralympic Winter Games. The **IPC Code** and **Technical Procedures** apply to the Paralympic Games. The following "Anti-Doping Highlights" summarize key information from the IPC Code and the **USOC National Anti-Doping Policies** and is not intended to be a comprehensive compilation of the rules. Athletes are responsible to read and understand the rules. In the event of any conflict between the rules and this document, the rules shall control.*

GENERAL

- During the Paralympic Games, March 6-21, 2010, anti-doping is carried out under the IPC authority.
- The Vancouver Organizing Committee (VANOC) implements Doping Control.
- If an athlete uses a catheter, the catheter is the athlete's responsibility. VANOC will provide sealed, sterile catheters, but will not have all brands, sizes, and/or materials available.

TESTING

- Every U.S. athlete who is named to the Paralympic Team is required to be tested at least once within 150 days prior to competing at the Paralympics and must be found to have a negative result.
- Athletes named to a Paralympic Team may be tested anywhere in the world once the Villages open on March 6, 2010 through the Closing Ceremony on March 21, 2010.
- **Athletes are subject to testing and must provide whereabouts during the entire Paralympic Games (March 6-21, 2010), even after their competitions are completed and even if they have left Vancouver or Whistler.**
- Athletes can be subject to both urine and blood collection.
- Testing can occur **at any time** and **at any location**.
- All samples collected during the Paralympic Games are analyzed in accordance with the WADA 2010 Prohibited List.

THERAPEUTIC USE EXEMPTIONS (TUEs)

- Many prohibited substances or methods included on the **2010 Prohibited List** require a TUE in advance. Prior to the Paralympic Games, send the TUE application to USADA. Apply early!
- The IPC, who grants TUEs during the Paralympic Games, may not consider TUE applications during the Paralympic Games. Make sure to have a TUE before participating in the Paralympic Games.
- During the Paralympic Games, the IPC will only consider a retroactive TUE if the prohibited substance and/or method was used in an emergency situation or if the treatment of an acute medical condition was necessary.
- The IPC will recognize current, valid TUEs.

WHEREABOUTS INFORMATION

- Athletes are responsible for their whereabouts and should submit the information to USADA.
- All athletes must provide timely information on travel schedules, accommodation arrangements and training schedules.
- All athletes must update their whereabouts, including a 60-minute time slot between **6 a.m. and 11 p.m. for each day**, during the Paralympic Games.
- USADA will share whereabouts information with the IPC, VANOC, and WADA for Doping Control purposes **only**.

WHEREABOUTS FAILURES

- A Whereabouts Failure is:
 - Failing to provide whereabouts, providing inaccurate or insufficient whereabouts = Filing Failure
 - Unavailable during the 60-minute time slot = Missed Test
- If an athlete receives his/her third Whereabouts Failure within 18 months during the Paralympic Games, an anti-doping rule violation would be pursued.
- If an athlete receives a Whereabouts Failure during the Paralympic Games, he/she would be notified and the results management process would be expedited.

For anti-doping documents related to the Vancouver 2010 Paralympic Winter Games, please contact USADA at 1-866-601-2632 or view our website, www.USADA.org and click on the Vancouver Anti-Doping Resources link.

U.S. Anti-Doping Agency Drug Reference Resources

Global DRO: www.GlobalDRO.com

E-mail: drugreference@usada.org

Drug Reference Line™: (800) 233-0393 in the U.S.;

(719) 785-2020 outside of the U.S.

Updates:

Mobile Application: www.usada.org/m

E-mail: update@usada.org

Text: text@usada.org

Online: www.USADA.org

